文A 43 languages >

**Lincoln County** 

County

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## Lincoln County, Oregon Article Talk

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia Coordinates: 44.64°N 123.91°W

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Lincoln County is one of the 36 counties in the U.S. state of Oregon. As of the 2020 census, its

population was 50,395.[1] The county seat is Newport.[2] The county is named for Abraham Lincoln,

16th president of the United States.<sup>[3]</sup> Lincoln County includes the Newport, Oregon Micropolitan Statistical Area.

History [edit]



This section does not cite any sources. Please help improve this section by adding citations to reliable sources. Unsourced material may be challenged and removed. (April 2008) (Learn how and when to remove this template message) Lincoln County was created by the Oregon Legislative Assembly on February 20, 1893, from the

1931, and 1949. At the time of the county's creation, Toledo was picked as the temporary county seat. In 1896 it was

western portion of Benton and Polk counties. The county adjusted its boundaries in 1923, 1925, 1927,

chosen as the permanent county seat. Three elections were held to determine if the county seat should be moved from Toledo to Newport. Twice these votes failed—in 1928 and 1938. In 1954, however, the vote went in Newport's favor. While Toledo has remained the industrial hub of Lincoln County, the city has never regained the position it once had.

Like Tillamook County to the north, for the first decades of its existence Lincoln County was isolated from the rest of the state. This was solved with the construction of U.S. Route 101 (completed in 1925), and the Salmon River Highway (completed in 1930). In 1936, as some of many federally funded construction projects during the Great Depression, bridges were constructed across the bays at Waldport, Newport, and Siletz, eliminating the ferries needed to cross these bays.

The northern part of Lincoln County includes the Siletz Reservation, created by treaty in 1855. The reservation was open to non-Indian settlement between 1895 and 1925. The Siletz's tribal status was terminated by the federal government in 1954, but in 1977 it became the first Oregon tribe to have its

tribal status reinstated. The current reservation totals 3,666 acres (14.84 km<sup>2</sup>). In 2020, during the COVID-19 pandemic, Lincoln County issued a face mask directive which exempted "people of color". After county officials were overwhelmed with criticism, the exemption was rescinded.[4]

Economy [edit] Principal industries of the county are travel (primarily tourism), trade, health services and construction. [5][6] Paper manufacturing and fishing are still important although they contribute

proportionally less to the county's employment than they used to. [citation needed] Newport is one of the

two major fishing ports of Oregon (along with Astoria) that ranks in the top twenty of fishing ports in the U.S. [citation needed] Its port averaged 105 million pounds (48,000 t) of fish landed in 1997–2000. [citation needed] Newport is home of Oregon State University's Hatfield Marine Science Center, as well as the Oregon Coast Aquarium, and their fleet of ocean-going vessels. Many of the other communities in Lincoln county depend on tourism as their principal source of income. [citation needed] The county's average nonfarm employment was 18,820 in 2007. [citation needed] Geography [edit]

According to the United States Census Bureau, the county has a total area of 1,194 square miles (3,090 km<sup>2</sup>), of which 980 square miles (2,500 km<sup>2</sup>) is land and 214 square miles (550 km<sup>2</sup>) (18%) is

### • Tillamook County (north) Polk County (east)

Benton County (east)

Adjacent counties [edit]

- Lane County (south)
- National protected areas [edit]

water.[7]

• Siletz Bay National Wildlife Refuge Siuslaw National Forest (part)

Communities [edit]

Newport (county seat)

Cities [edit]

Depoe Bay

Lincoln City

 Siletz Toledo

Waldport

Yachats

landslide victories for Republicans across the nation.

# Demographics [edit]

Oregon Islands National Wildlife Refuge (part)

2020 census [edit] As of the census of 2020, there were 50,395 people, and 22,093 households in the county. [1] The population density was

Those of Hispanic or Latino origin made up 10.0% of the population. [1]

population was in poverty.[1] 2010 census [edit]

The average household size was 2.23. 84.5% of the population were living in the same house a year earlier. 7.2% of the

The median household income in the county was \$54,961 and the per capita income was \$32,776. 15.2% of the county's

county's people spoke a language other than English at home. The gender ratio is 51.5% female and 48.5% male. [1]

## from two or more races. Those of Hispanic or Latino origin made up 7.9% of the population. [13] In terms of ancestry, 23.5 were German, 22.0% were English, 14.6% were Irish, and 4.6% were American.<sup>[15]</sup>

In its early history, Lincoln County, like almost all of Western Oregon during the era, was very solidly Republican. It was won by the Republican presidential nominee in every election from its creation up to and including 1928, even voting for William Howard Taft in 1912 when his party was divided. [17] Since Franklin Delano Roosevelt became the first Democrat to carry the county in 1932, Lincoln has become a strongly Democratic-leaning county. The only Republicans to win Lincoln County since the Great Depression transformed its politics have been Dwight D. Eisenhower, Richard Nixon and Ronald Reagan, who each carried the county twice. With the exception of 1968, all these post-Depression Republican wins in Lincoln County occurred during

Oregon House of Representatives, Lincoln County is in the 10th District, which is represented by Democrat David Gomberg. In the Oregon State Senate, Lincoln County is in the 5th District, represented by Republican Dick Anderson. Lincoln County is currently one of 11 counties in Oregon in which therapeutic psilocybin is legal. United States presidential election results for Lincoln County, Oregon<sup>[18][19]</sup>

Year **♦** 

2020

2016

2012

2008

2004

2000

1996

1992

1988

1984

1980

1976

1972

1968

1964

1960

1952

1948

1944

1940

1936

1932

1928

1924

1920

1916

1912

1908

1904

In the United States House of Representatives, Lincoln County lies within Oregon's 4th congressional district, represented by Democrat Val Hoyle. In the

Census-designated places [edit] Bayshore Lincoln Beach Neotsu Rose Lodge • San Marine Unincorporated communities [edit] Agate Beach Nashville Bayview Newport Heights Beverly Beach Nortons Burnt Woods Ocean Park Chitwood Otis Eddyville Otis Junction Elk City Otter Rock Fisher Roads End Gleneden Beach Seal Rock Harlan South Beach

 Kernville Tidewater Little Albany Yaquina Logsden See also [edit] • List of bridges on the National Register of Historic Places in Oregon National Register of Historic Places listings in Lincoln County, Oregon References [edit] 1. ^ a b c d e f "State & County QuickFacts" ☑. United States Census Bureau. Retrieved May 17, 2023. 2. ^ "Find a County" . National Association of Counties. Retrieved June 7,

7. ^ "2010 Census Gazetteer Files" . United States Census Bureau. August 22, 2012. Retrieved February 26, 2015. 8. ^ "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties: April 1, 2020 to July 1, 2022" ☑. Retrieved May 17, 2023.

9. ^ "U.S. Decennial Census" [2]. United States Census Bureau. Retrieved

10. ^ "Historical Census Browser" ∠. University of Virginia Library. Retrieved

3. ^ Gannett, Henry (1905). The Origin of Certain Place Names in the United

4. ^ Ross, Erin (June 28, 2020). "How Internet Outrage Led to A Change In

States ∠. U.S. Government Printing Office. p. 187 ∠.

Lincoln County's Face Mask Policy" . OPB. 5. ^ Oregon Labor Market Information System <a>™</a>

6. ^ Bureau of Economic Analysis ∠

February 26, 2015.

February 26, 2015.

February 23, 2016.

- February 26, 2015. 11. ^ Forstall, Richard L., ed. (March 27, 1995). "Population of Counties by Decennial Census: 1900 to 1990" ₺. United States Census Bureau. Retrieved
- (PDF). United States Census Bureau. April 2, 2001. Archived from the original (PDF) on February 26, 2015. Retrieved February 26, 2015. 13. ^ a b c "DP-1 Profile of General Population and Housing Characteristics: 2010

the original on February 13, 2020. Retrieved February 23, 2016. 14. ^ "Population, Housing Units, Area, and Density: 2010 - County" . United States Census Bureau. Archived from the original on February 13, 2020.

Demographic Profile Data" 2. United States Census Bureau. Archived from

12. ^ "Census 2000 PHC-T-4. Ranking Tables for Counties: 1990 and 2000" and 2000"

- Retrieved February 23, 2016. 15. ^ "DP02 SELECTED SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES Census Bureau. Archived from the original ∠ on February 13, 2020. Retrieved
- 16. ^ "DP03 SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS 2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates" <a>เ⁻</a>. United States Census Bureau. Archived from the original on February 13, 2020. Retrieved February 23, 2016.
- 17. ^ Menendez, Albert J.; The Geography of Presidential Elections in the United States, 1868-2004, pp. 284-285 ISBN 0786422173 18. ^ Leip, David. "Dave Leip's Atlas of U.S. Presidential Elections" 2.

19. ^ The leading "other" candidate, Progressive Theodore Roosevelt, received 265 votes, while Socialist Eugene Debs received 227 votes, Prohibition

uselectionatlas.org. Retrieved April 11, 2018.

candidate Eugene Chafin received 42 votes.

External links [edit] Lincoln County Official Site ☑

|       | Places adjacent to Lincoln County, Oregon                               | [show] |
|-------|---|--------|
| V•T•E | Municipalities and communities of Lincoln County, Oregon, United States | [show] |
| V•T•E | State of Oregon   | [show] |
|       | Authority control 🖍   | [show] |

Lincoln County Courthouse in Newport Flag Location within the U.S. state of Oregon Oregon's location within the U.S. Coordinates: 44°38′N 123°55′W Country United States State Oregon Founded February 20, 1893 Named for Abraham Lincoln **Seat** Newport Largest city Newport Area Total 1,194 sq mi (3,090 km<sup>2</sup>) Land 980 sq mi (2,500 km<sup>2</sup>) Water 214 sq mi (550 km<sup>2</sup>) 18%% Population (2020) 50,395 Total 50,813 🛕 • Estimate (2022)



1940

1950

1960

1970

1980

14,549

21,308

24,635

25,755

35,264

46.9%

46.5%

15.6%

4.5%

36.9%

47/sq mi (18/km<sup>2</sup>)

www.co.lincoln.or.us <a>™</a>

UTC-8 (Pacific)

UTC-7 (PDT)

Density

Time zone Summer (DST)

Website

Congressional district

| As of the census of 2010, there were 46,034 people, 20,550 households, and 12,372 families living in the county. [13] The   | 1990                      | 38,889                    | 10.3% |  |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--|
| population density was 47.0 inhabitants per square mile (18.1/km²). There were 30,610 housing units at an average   | 2000                      | 44,479                    | 14.4% |  |
| density of 31.2 units per square mile (12.0 units/km²). [14] The racial makeup of the county was 87.7% white, 3.5%  | 2010                      | 46,034                    | 3.5%  |  |
| American Indian, 1.1% Asian, 0.4% black or African American, 0.1% Pacific islander, 3.4% from other races, and 3.7%   | 2020                      | 50,395                    | 9.5%  |  |
| from two or more races. Those of Hispanic or Latino origin made up 7.9% of the population. <sup>[13]</sup> In terms of ancestry, 23.5%  | 2022 (est.)               | 50,813 <sup>[8]</sup>     | 0.8%  |  |
| were German, 22.0% were English, 14.6% were Irish, and 4.6% were American. <sup>[15]</sup>  |                           | ennial Censu              |       |  |
| Of the 20,550 households, 21.2% had children under the age of 18 living with them, 46.3% were married couples living together, 9.6% had a female householder with no husband present, 39.8% were non-families, and 31.2% of all households  |                           | o <sup>[10]</sup> 1900–19 |       |  |
| were made up of individuals. The average household size was 2.20 and the average family size was 2.70. The median age was 49.6 years. <sup>[13]</sup>   |                           |                           |       |  |
| The median income for a household in the county was \$39,738 and the median income for a family was \$52,730. Males had versus \$31,690 for females. The per capita income for the county was \$24,354. About 11.7% of families and 16.2% of the popoverty line, including 21.7% of those under age 18 and 8.8% of those age 65 or over. [16]                                 |                           |                           |       |  |
| 2000 census [edit]  |                           |                           |       |  |
| As of the census of 2000, there were 44,479 people, 19,296 households, and 12,252 families living in the county. The popular people per square mile (17 people/km²). There were 26,889 housing units at an average density of 27 units per square mile (18 county was 90,59% White 0,30% Black or African American, 3,14% Native American, 0,93% Asian, 0,16% Pacific Islands | 10/km <sup>2</sup> ). The | e racial ma               | •     |  |

| and over, there were 90.10 males.  |
|--|
| 19.50% who were 65 years of age or older. The median age was 44 years. For every 100 females there were 94.00 males. For every 100 females age 18  |
| In the county, the population was spread out, with 21.40% under the age of 18, 6.50% from 18 to 24, 23.50% from 25 to 44, 29.00% from 45 to 64, and  |
| There were 19,296 households, out of which 24.40% had children under the age of 18 living with them, 49.50% were married couples living together, 10.00% had a female householder with no husband present, and 36.50% were non-families. 29.30% of all households were made up of individuals, and 12.70% had someone living alone who was 65 years of age or older. The average household size was 2.27 and the average family size was 2.75. |
| and 3.23% from two or more races. 4.76% of the population were Hispanic or Latino of any race. 16.8% were of German, 13.5% English, 10.8% Irish and 8.5% American ancestry.  |
| people per square mile (17 people/km²). There were 26,889 housing units at an average density of 27 units per square mile (10/km²). The racial makeup of the county was 90.59% White, 0.30% Black or African American, 3.14% Native American, 0.93% Asian, 0.16% Pacific Islander, 1.66% from other races,   |
|  |

[hide]

No. ♦

17,385

12,501

13,401

14,258

13,753

10,861

10,552

9,603

9,598

8,637

7,009

6,685

5,117

5,009

7,101

5,243

3,632

3,720

2,947

3,510

3,024

2,376

1,464

641

669

915

375

282

179

**Democratic** 

%

56.58%

49.50%

58.31%

**59.68**%

56.54%

51.43%

**51.21**%

44.41%

55.02%

48.51%

40.92%

50.65%

43.17%

46.82%

68.79%

50.01%

39.26%

48.59%

50.70%

53.47%

59.98%

59.43%

39.97%

25.20%

32.16%

39.89%

28.43%

27.73%

19.98%

**\$** 

**Third party** 

% ♦

2.87%

10.75%

3.90%

3.52%

1.69%

8.58%

16.20%

29.15%

2.76%

0.32%

14.49%

5.75%

5.27%

6.16%

0.21%

0.09%

0.66%

4.56%

1.12%

1.42%

8.59%

5.18%

2.70%

22.60%

8.75%

9.24%

40.49%

13.77%

15.18%

No. ♦

881

2,716

897

840

412

1,811

3,338

6,304

481

57

2,481

759

625

659

22

9

0

349

65

93

433

207

99

575

182

212

534

140

136

Lincoln Beach, Oregon, Fishing

Rock with Rabbit Rock in background

Republican

%

40.55%

39.75%

37.79%

36.80%

41.77%

39.99%

32.60%

26.43%

42.22%

51.17%

44.59%

43.60%

51.56%

47.02%

31.00%

49.90%

53.62%

60.08%

46.85%

48.19%

45.12%

31.44%

35.39%

57.33%

52.20%

59.09%

50.87%

31.08%

58.51%

64.84%

**\$** 

No. ♦

12,460

10,039

8,686

8,791

10,160

8,446

6,717

5,716

7,364

9,110

7,637

5,755

6,112

5,031

3,200

5,231

5,346

5,559

3,587

2,801

2,962

1,585

1,415

2,100

1,328

1,229

1,167

410

595

581

Categories: Oregon counties | Lincoln County, Oregon | Populated places established in 1893 | 1893 establishments in Oregon

WIKIMEDIA

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